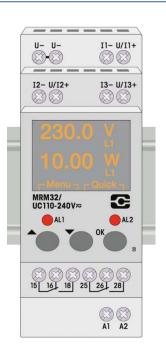


Monitoring Relays MRU, MRI, MRM

1 Features

- Voltage supply UC 12 48 V or UC 110 240 V
- Change-over contact
- Measuring inputs are separated galvanically from the supply
- Measuring range 0.1 ... 480 VAC / 0.1 ... 690 VDC / 0.1 ... 5 A
- Automatic range detection
- Min / Max and window function
- Individual function choice for each output
- Easy configuration
- Parameters adjustable over display
- LED state for each output
- Parameters are safe from supply-shutdown



2 General descriptions

The monitoring relay family MR is developed for the supervision of AC and DC TRMS voltages.

The device is able to measure voltages and currents in 1 and 3-phase systems and determine the best measuring resolution with an automatic range selection. It possesses a permanent self-diagnosis. Therefore it is secured that an alarm will be released in any case of disturbance or failure.

The handling is very easy. Measuring values, user's parameters and the operation status are indicated on a display and can be adjust with the user-friendly service menu (3 keys).

Two outputs with changeover contacts for 6 A, 250 V are available. Both contacts can be switched independently of each other (2 relays). A red LED indicates the alarms.

The devices comply with the DIN standard 43880 and have a mounting width of 35 mm.

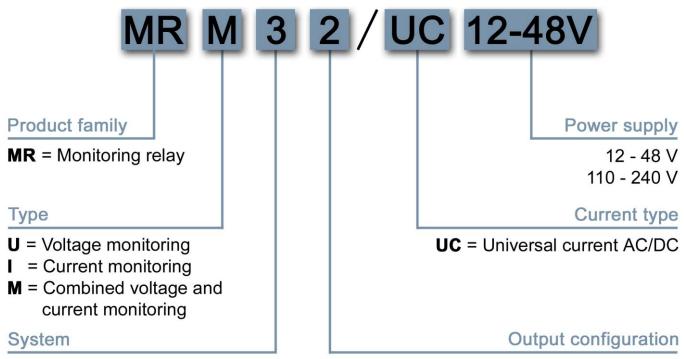
Technical specification is subject to change without previous notice

3 Order designation

Voltage Monitoring relay	1-phase	MRU11/UC12-48V
		MRU11/UC110-240V
	3-phase	MRU32/UC12-48V
		MRU32/UC110-240V
Current Monitoring relay	1-phase	MRI11/UC12-48V
		MRI11/UC110-240V
	3-phase	MRI32/UC12-48V
		MRI32/UC110-240V
Multifunction monitoring relay	1-phase	MRM11/UC12-48V
		MRM11/UC110-240V
	3-phase	MRM32/UC12-48V
		MRM32/UC110-240V



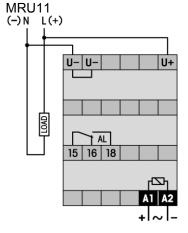
3.1 Type designation code

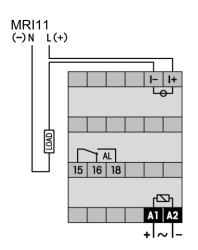


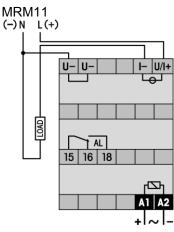
- 1 = 1-phase monitoring
- 3 = 3-phase monitoring

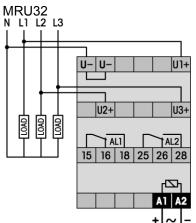
- 1 = One output relay c.o.
- 2 = Two output relays c.o.

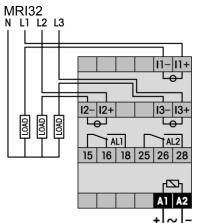
4 Connection diagram

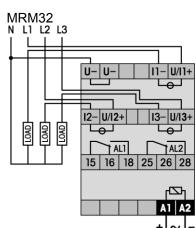














5 Specifications

5.1 General data

5.1.1 Mechanical data

Outside dimensions: Housing system DIN, B x H x T: 36 x 90 x 57 mm

Connector: Screw terminal 2.5 mm²

Max. screw tightening torque: 0.4 Nm

Protection: IP20 (Electronic: IP40)
Case material: Lexan EXL 9330

Weight: MRx11: 107 g MRx32: 125 g

Fastening: TS35 DIN/EN 60715

5.1.2 Ambient condition

Storage temperature: -40 °C ... +85 °C

Operating temperature: -40 °C ... +60 °C (Railway: -40 °C ... +70 °C; Display -20 ... +60 °C)

Relative humidity: 10 % ... +95 % (not condensing)

5.1.3 Life cycle

Life cycle: > 100 000 h (at 25 °C) Relays contacts: see chapter 'Outputs'

5.2 Electrical data

5.2.1 Supply

Version: .../UC110-240V .../UC12-48V 110...240 V 12...48 V Nominal operating voltage (AC/DC): 85...250 V Operating voltage (AC/DC): 10...60 V Frequency range: 16...63 Hz 16...63 Hz Current consumption: 18 mA 180 mA Power consumption: 2.6 VA / 1.5 W 3.2 VA / 1.6 W

5.2.2 Voltage inputs

Nominal input range: ± 0.1 ... 690 V DC or 0.1 ... 480 V AC

Input voltage max: 690 V DC / 480 V AC Frequency range (Fast / Slow mode) 46...150 Hz / 15...150 Hz

Measuring error: see chapter 6

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Display resolution:} & 0.1 \ \mbox{V} \\ \mbox{Input impedance:} & 1 \ \mbox{M}\Omega \end{array}$

5.2.3 Current inputs

Nominal input range: 0.1 ... 5 A Input current max: 7 A

Frequency range (Fast / Slow mode) 46...150 Hz / 15...150 Hz

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Measuring error:} & \text{see chapter 6} \\ \text{Display resolution:} & 0.1 \text{ A} \\ \text{Input impedance:} & 5 \text{ m}\Omega \\ \end{array}$

5.3 Time response

 Time response:
 Fast mode
 Slow mode

 MRU11 / MRI11
 Min. 105 ms
 Min. 150 ms

 MRU32 / MRI32
 Min. 155 ms
 Min. 290 ms

 MRM11
 Min. 130 ms
 Min. 220 ms

 MRM32
 Min. 230 ms
 Min. 500 ms

5.3.1 Alarm delay

Adjust range (ton / toff): 0.5 ... 999.9 s

Adjust and display resolution: 0.1 s

Startup delay min: 2.5 s (adjustable)

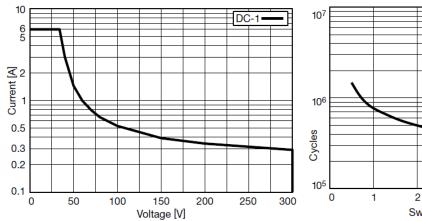
Parameter storage time typ: 1 s

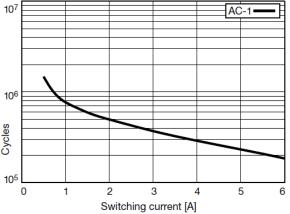


5.4 Outputs

Contact: 1 or 2 c.o.
Contact material: AgNi 0.15
Switching voltage: 250 V AC
Switching power AC-1: 1250 VA
Switching current: 6 A

Recommended minimum load: 10 mA / 10 V Mechanical life time: 30×10^6





5.5 Voltage stability

Open contact:

Between adjoined contacts:

Measuring input – Contact:

Measuring input – Supply:

Measuring input – Measuring input:

1.0 kV (RMS, 1 min)

2.5 kV (RMS, 1 min)

4.0 kV (RMS, 1 min)

2.5 kV (RMS, 1 min)

6 Measurement parameters - ranges - accuracy

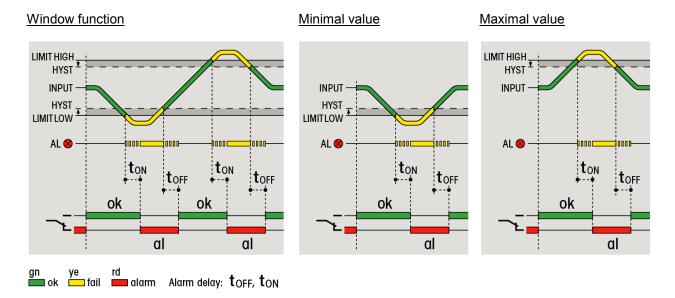
	Measuring	Unit	MRU11	MRI11	MRM11	MRU32	MRI32	MRM32	Measuring range AC	per phase	Measuring range DC	per phase	Adiustable range		Adjustment	Мах.	measuring error AC	Max.	measuring error DC
									Min	Мах	Min	Мах	Min	Max	Resolution	+/- % Mv.	+/- Unit.	+/- % Mv.	+/- Unit.
U	Voltage	٧	Х		Х	Х		Х	0.0	480.0	-690.0	690.0	-700.0	700.0	0.1	1.0	0.2	0.5	0.1
I	Current	Α		Х	Х		Χ	Χ	0.0	5.0	-5.0	5.0	-6.0	6.0	0.1	5.0	0.1	2.5	0.1
f	Frequency	Hz	Χ	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	16	100			15	150	1	5.0	0.1		
Δφ	Phase angle	0				Χ		Χ	0	359			0	359	1	f *0.2	1.0		
Р	Active power	W			Х			Х	0	2400	-3450	3450	-4200	4200	1	5.0	0.2	2.5	0.2
s	Apparent power	VA			Х			Х	0	500			-4200	4200	1	5.0	0.2	2.5	0.2
cosφ	Power factor				Х			Х	0.00	1.00			0.00	1.00	0.05	5.0	0.1		
Measu	ring inputs		1	1	1	3	3	3											
Relay	outputs		1	1	1	2	2	2											

- The measurement error applies over the entire temperature range.
- The measurement error applies to the slow mode.



7 Functions

This device contains three monitoring functions.



7.1 Switching state display

LED	Alarm state	Relays		
Not glowing	 OK (no Alarm)	On		
Glowing constantly	 Alarm	Off		
Flashing short	Alarm t _{ON} run	On		
Flashing long	no Alarm t _{Off} run	Off		

Same behavior for the second output.



8 Application notes

8.1 Installation instructions

- The devices comply with the DIN standard 43880 and have a mounting width of 35 mm.
- The current measurement of monitoring relays MRI and MRM is realized with Hall elements. Therefore, other devices that produce magnetic fields (e.g., contactors) should be mounted with at least a distance of 50 mm to the monitoring relay. Otherwise, the magnetic field could influence the measurement of the current.

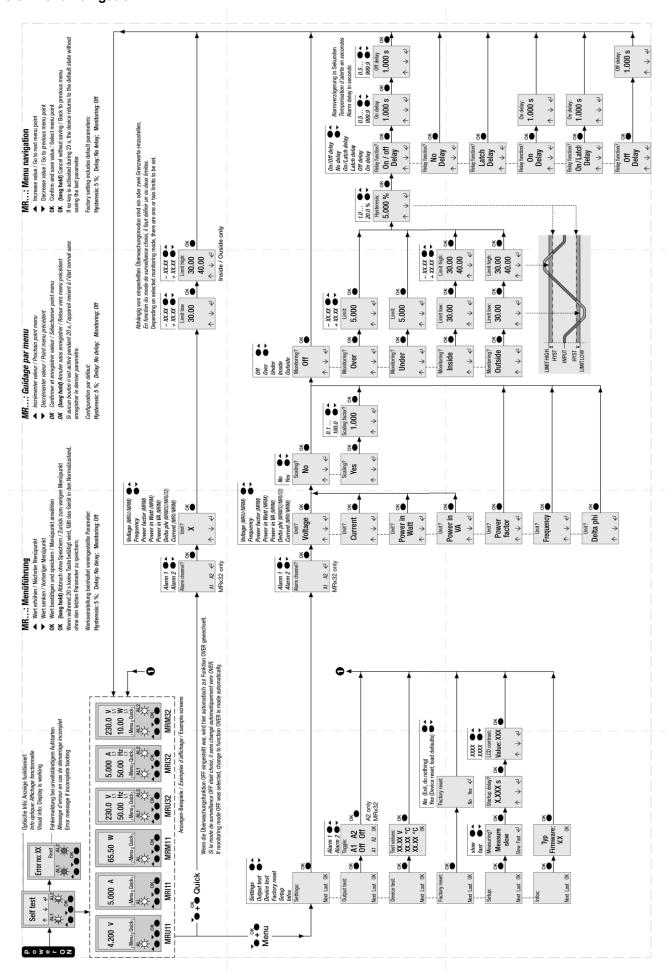
8.2 Operating instructions

- Increase the numeric value or select the next parameter. Toggle function on simulation mode.
- Decrease the numeric value or select the previous parameter. Toggle function on simulation mode.
- Takes over the selected value and jumps to the next menu point.

 By pushing and holding this button, it jumps back to the previous menu point or the main display without saving.
 - Menu timeout is 20 s. If no button is pushed within this period, the device will jump back to the home screen.
 - Every 5 seconds, the display is doing a reset. Therefore, a flickering on the screen will occur.
 - The display of the MRx32 will change the displayed values every 2 seconds.
 - The default parameters are set as follows:
 Hysteresis: 5 %, Alarm delay: No delay, Monitoring function: Off
 - In the quick menu: If the monitoring function was set to OFF, the function will automatically change to OVER.
 - When leaving the menu, the parameters are stored. During this time (typ. 1 s), no monitoring is executed and the relay state remains unchanged. The LED flashes during the parameter storage process.
 - The device disposes of a permanent self-diagnosis. Therefore it is secured that an alarm will be released in any case of disturbance or failure. An error will be indicated with a specific numeric code on the display.
 - In MRU and MRM devices, the frequency is detected on L1 when the voltage is higher than 1 V (TRMS). In MRI devices when current on L1 exceeds 0.1 A (TRMS).
 - The power P (only MRM devices) is calculated if U > 1 V and I > 0.1 A, otherwise S = P and PF = 1.
 - If no zero-crossing at voltage or current exist, a minus sign is indicated if the values are negative (TRMS is positive by definition). Every phase is checked separately.
 - The calculation of the effective power is, based on the low sample rate, not precise when the measured voltage or current are not sine-shaped. The accuracy of the power factor also depends on it.
 - The power factor is determined with apparent and effective power. If the frequency is zero, the effective power will be equalized to the apparent power. Therefore PF = 1.
 - Values greater than 1000 are indicated with one, k' (kilo sign). Therefore the biggest displayable number is 9999 k (Thousand). The smallest displayed value therefore is 0.001.
 - The sum of the phase angle is 360 °.L1 and L2 are measured; L3 is then calculated (360°-L1-L2).
 - When switching the relays, the measuring cycle time and the switch time of the relays are compensated.

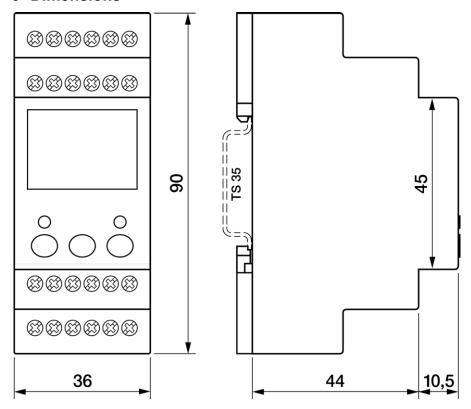


8.3 Menu navigation





9 Dimensions



10 Standards

Low voltage guidelines EN 60730-1:2000

EN 60947-1:2007

Installation devices DIN 43880

Interference immunity EN 61000-6-2:2005

EN 50121-3-2:2006

Interference emission EN 61000-6-3:2007

EN 50121-3-2:2006

Approbation, Identification CE

UL (approval in process)

11 Revision history

Version	Revision date	Responsible	Modifications
55005-38-57-401	23.03.2012	Hy/Li	Version 1



Notes: